## Итоговая контрольная работа по английскому языку 8 класс.

Name $\qquad$ Form 8

## TEST

## I. Open the brackets.

1. If he (devour) books as I do, he (be) a well-read person. 2. If the pupils (do) away with the bad habit of whispering at the lesson, they (study) better. 3. If his temper (be) not so filthy, he (have) a lot of friends. 4. If you (point) the telescope at the deer on the hill, you (see) some baby deer among them. 5. If Tom (be) polite, he (not stare) at strangers. 6. If the theatre (stage) a new play, a lot of people (come) to watch the performance. 7. If Mary (play) the leading part, she (take) a lot of curtain calls. 8. If Ann (want) to take part in the competition, she (win) the first prize. 9. If Mr White (train) the team for the competition, it (not lose or draw) the game.

## Раскрыть скобки (сослагательное наклонение).

1. devoured, would be
2. did away, would study
3. were not, would have
4. pointed, would see
5. staged, would come
6. played, would take
7. wanted, would win
8. trained, would not lose or draw
9. were polite, would not stare

## II. Fill in the gaps with the right item $a, b, c$ or $d$.

1. If we didn't have to study, we $\qquad$ out tonight.
a) could have gone
b) went
c) go
d) could go
2. If I .......... the time I would go to the aerobics class with you.
a) had had
b) had
c) have
d) would have
3. If we $\qquad$ that you were there we would have written a letter to you.
a) didn't know
b) wouldn't have known
c) had known
d) hadn't known
4. If I .......... a pay, I would not have looked for another job.
a) had got
b) got
c) would have got
d) hadn't got
5. If he $\qquad$ in a hurry, he wouldn't have spilled the milk.
a) weren't
b) isn't
c) hadn't been
d) wouldn't have been
6. If the firemen ..........in time, they couldn't have saved the house.
a) had arrived
b) arrived
c) didn't arrive
d) hadn't arrived
7. If you had invited him, he $\qquad$
a) came
b) didn't come
c) would have come
d) comes
8. If I .......... you I would study computers.
a) had been
b) were
c) hadn't been
d) weren't
9. If they were poor they $\qquad$ a new dishwasher.
a) bought
b) didn't buy
c) wouldn't buy
d) wouldn't have bought
10. If she $\qquad$ this book she would like it.
a) read
b) would read
c) have read
d) didn't read

## III. Open the brackets.

All children, except one, (1. grow) up. They soon know that some day they (2. grow) up. This is how it (3. happen) to Wendy. One day when she (4. play) in a garden, she (5. pick) up a flower and (6. run) with it to her mother. At that moment she (7. look) so pretty that Mrs Darling (8. cry), "Oh, why can't you be a little girl forever!" Since that moment on Wendy (9. know) that she must (10. grow) up.

Her mother was a lovely lady, with a romantic mind. This is how Mr Darling (11. win) her. At one point a lot of gentlemen discovered that they (12. fall) in love with her, and they all (13. come) to her house (14. propose) to her except Mr Darling, who (15. take) a cab and (16. arrive) at her place first, and so he get her. He (18. be) one of those clever ones who (19. know) all about money. And the way he (20. speak) about money was such that it (21. can) make any woman (22. respect) him.

For a week or two after Wendy (23. be) born her parents (24. be) doubtful whether they (25. be) able to keep her. Mr Darling (26. sit) on the edge of his wife's bed (27. hold) and (28. calculate) expenses. She (29. want) to risk it, but that (30. be) not his way; his way (31. be) with a pencil and a piece of paper.

## IV. Insert the prepositions in, up, on, for, from, from behind, to.

1. How do you buy seats ... a play or an opera? 2 . When a performance begins the curtain goes ... . 3. In winter, autumn and spring people leave their coats and hats ... the cloakroom. 4. Our seats are ... the front stalls. 5. Let's shake hands ... the bargain. 6. The apple dropped ... the tree ... the ground. 7. Laughter and applause came ... ... the door. 8. Let me introduce John ... you. 9. Jack made a good impression ... my parents. 10. Sarah searched ... "Collins Dictionary of Idioms" in the town bookshops and found it at last.

## VI. Choose the correct answer .

1. George usually ..... his weekends with his granny.
a) has spent
b) is spending
c) spends
2. I'm tired because I up very early today.
a) get
b) have got
c) got
3. We always meet on Sunday. Next Sunday we $\qquad$ again.
a) meet
b) will meet
c) will have met
4. Where have you been? I ..... for forty minutes.
a) have been waiting
b) am waiting
c) waited
5. I know the boy with whom you ..... 10 minutes ago.
a) had been talking
b) have been talking
c) were talking
6. I couldn't eat anything as I ..... a huge meal before.
a) had
b) have had
c) had had
7. If you $\qquad$ to the shop, can I go with you?
a) will go
b) are going
c) have gone
8. I hope that tomorrow at this time he $\qquad$ his car on the way to London.
a) will be driving
b) will drive
c) will have driven
9. Polly ..... her homework for an hour and a half when her mother came back from work.
a) was doing
b) has been doing
c) had been doing
10. Father ..... the house before the children get home from school.
a) will leave
b) will have left
c) is leaving
11. Don't worry, I ..... your letter yesterday morning.
a) posted
b) have posted
c) was posting
12. Anna ..... English for 6 years by the end of this school year.
a) has been learning
b) will learn
c) will have been learning
13. Who was the $\qquad$ person to leave the classroom?
a) last
b) latest
14. Little Bobbie wants to do everything as his $\qquad$ brother does.
a) elder
b) older
15. Sarah $\qquad$ that all the letters $\qquad$ written.
a) was told
b) told;
c) were
d) had been
16. Benny ... the people who $\qquad$ invited to the meeting.
a) was greeted
b) greeted
c) have been
d) had been
17. These children ..... never given any pocket money.
a) are
b) are being
18. The inhabitants of the village $\qquad$ asked about people living in their neighbourhood when the police arrived.
a) were
b) were being
19. Jane ..... her brother go to the cinema.
a) allowed
b) was allowed
20. Children $\qquad$ seldom allowed to see horror films.
a) are
b) are being

Критерии оценивания результатов: за каждый правильный ответ учащиеся получают 1 балл. Максимальное количество баллов - $\mathbf{8 0}$.

Успешность выполнения работы определяется следующим образом:

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80-68 баллов - «5» (отлично)
67-56 баллов - «4» (хорошо)
55-40 баллов - «3» (удовлетворительно)
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39 баллов и менее - «2» (неудовлетворительно)

